



**SIMPLIFIED PROSPECTUS**

Offering Series A, F and I units of the following alternative mutual fund:

**WAYPOINT ALL WEATHER ALTERNATIVE FUND**

**AUGUST 23, 2021**

No securities regulatory authority has expressed an opinion about these units. It is an offence to claim otherwise.

The Fund and the units of the Fund offered under this Simplified Prospectus are not registered with the United States Securities and Exchange Commission and they are sold in the United States only in reliance on exemptions from registration.

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# Introduction

This Simplified Prospectus contains selected important information to help you make an informed investment decision and understand your rights as an investor. Throughout this document:

- *We, us, Manager or Waypoint* means Waypoint Investment Partners Inc.
- *You* means each person who invests in the Fund. Persons who invest in the Fund are also referred to in this document as unitholders or investors
- *ACB* means adjusted cost base
- *Advisor* means the registered representative who advises you on your investments
- *Business Day* means any day that the TSX is open for trading
- *CRA* means the Canada Revenue Agency
- *CRS* means The Organization for Economic Co-operating and Development's (OECD) Common Reporting Standard as implemented in Canada by Part XIX of the Tax Act
- *Dealer* means the company where your Advisor works
- *FATCA* means the Foreign Account Tax Compliance Act as implemented in Canada by the Canada-United States Enhanced Tax Information Exchange Agreement and Part XVIII of the Tax Act
- *Fund* means the alternative mutual fund listed on the front cover of this Simplified Prospectus
- *IRC* means the Independent Review Committee operating under National Instrument 81-107 *Independent Review Committee for Investment Funds*, as the same may be amended, restated or replaced from time to time
- *MER* means management expense ratio, which is calculated for each series of units of a fund and reflects the management fees, performance fees and certain expenses borne by that series
- *NAV* means net asset value
- *NI 81-102* means National Instrument 81-102 *Investment Funds*, as the same may be amended, restated or replaced from time to time
- *Registered Plans* means trusts governed by registered retirement savings plans (RRSPs), registered retirement income funds (RRIFs), registered educating savings plans (RESPs), tax-free savings accounts (TFSA), deferred profit sharing plans (DPSPs) and registered disability savings plans (RDSPs).
- *Series NAV* means the separate NAV for the applicable series of units
- *Tax Act* means the *Income Tax Act* (Canada) and the regulations issued thereunder, as the same may be amended from time to time
- *TSX* means the Toronto Stock Exchange

## **For more information**

Additional information about the Fund is available in the following documents:

- the Annual Information Form (AIF)
- the Fund's most recently filed Fund Facts
- the Fund's most recently filed annual financial statements
- any interim financial report filed after those annual financial statements
- the most recently filed annual management report of fund performance (MRFP)
- any interim MRFP filed after that annual MRFP.

These documents are incorporated by reference into this Simplified Prospectus, which means that they legally form part of this document just as if they were printed as part of it.

You can get a copy of these documents, at your request and at no cost, by calling 416-960-7682 or from your Advisor. These documents and other information about the Fund are also available on the Manager's website at [www.waypointinvestmentpartners.com](http://www.waypointinvestmentpartners.com). These documents and other information about the Fund are also available at [www.sedar.com](http://www.sedar.com).

# **What is a Mutual Fund and What are the Risks of Investing in a Mutual Fund?**

## **What is a mutual fund?**

The Fund is a mutual fund. When you invest in a mutual fund, you contribute your cash to a pool of investments along with many other people. Professional money managers use the cash to buy securities on behalf of all of the contributors.

A mutual fund invests in different kinds of securities based on its investment objectives. For example, a Canadian equity fund buys mainly shares of Canadian corporations, while a Canadian balanced fund buys mainly a mix of Canadian equities and bonds. These securities form the mutual fund's investment portfolio. The value of these securities changes from day to day, reflecting changes in economic and market conditions, interest rates and company news. See the heading *Price fluctuation* below for details.

## **What do you own?**

You receive units in a mutual fund in exchange for the cash you contribute, and you become a unitholder of the mutual fund. You share in the fund's income, expenses and capital gains or losses with reference to the series and number of units you own.

## **Structure of the Fund**

The Fund is a unit trust with one or more series governed by a master declaration of trust under Ontario laws. We, as trustee, hold the property and investments of the Fund in trust for the unitholders.

You can buy an unlimited number of units of the Fund.

## **Series of units**

The Fund may issue units in one or more series. For some purposes, such as calculating fees and expenses, a series of units may be dealt with separately from other series of units of the Fund. For other purposes, such as fund investment activity, all series of units of the Fund are dealt with together.

See the heading *Purchases, Changes and Redemptions – Series of units* for more details on the different series of units of the Fund that available.

## **What are the general risks of investing in a mutual fund?**

Risk is the chance that your investment may not perform as expected. There are different degrees and types of risk, but, in general, the more investment risk you are willing to accept, the higher your potential returns and the greater your potential losses.

The general risks of investing in a mutual fund include:

### **Price fluctuation**

The value of a mutual fund, and the price of your units, will fluctuate daily with changes in the value of the fund's investments. As a result, the value of your investment in a mutual fund may be more or less when you redeem it than when you bought it. This daily fluctuation is often referred to as "volatility".

### **General risks of investments**

The value of a mutual fund may fluctuate in accordance with changes in the financial condition of the issuers of the securities held by the mutual fund, the condition of equity, debt and currency markets generally and other factors.

The risks inherent in investments in equity and debt securities include the risk that the financial condition of the issuers of the securities may become impaired or that the general condition of the stock or bond market may deteriorate. Equity securities are susceptible to general stock market fluctuations and the financial condition of the issuer. Fixed income securities are susceptible to general interest rate fluctuations and to changes in investors' perception of inflation expectations and the condition of the issuer. These investor perceptions are based on various and unpredictable factors, including expectations regarding government, economic, monetary and fiscal policies, inflation and interest rates, economic expansion or contraction and global or regional political, economic, health and banking crises.

The Fund is considered an "alternative mutual fund" as defined in NI 81-102. An alternative mutual fund is permitted to use investment strategies generally prohibited to be used by other types of mutual funds, such as the ability to invest up to 20% of its NAV in securities of a single issuer, to borrow cash, and to generally employ leverage. For more information regarding the risks associated with these strategies, please see *Concentration risk, Derivatives risk and Leverage risk* below.

### **Your investment is not guaranteed**

The value of your investment in a mutual fund is not guaranteed. Unlike bank accounts or guaranteed investment certificates, mutual fund units are not covered by the Canada Deposit Insurance Corporation or any other government deposit insurer.

### **Redemptions may be suspended**

Under exceptional circumstances, your right to redeem your units may be suspended. See the heading *Purchases, Changes and Redemptions – How to redeem units of the Fund – Suspending your right to redeem* for details.

## **What are the specific risks of investing in a mutual fund?**

Each mutual fund also has specific risks. The description of the Fund, under the heading *Specific Information about the Waypoint All Weather Alternative Fund* in this document, sets out the risks that apply to the Fund. The following, in alphabetical order, is a description of each of those risks.

### ***Accuracy of public information***

The Manager selects investments, in part, on the basis of information and data filed by issuers with various government regulators or made directly available to the Manager by the issuers or through sources other than the issuers. Although the Manager evaluates all such information and data and ordinarily seeks independent corroboration when the Manager considers it is appropriate and when it is reasonably available, the Manager is not in a position to confirm the completeness, genuineness or accuracy of such information and data and, in some cases, complete and accurate information is not available. Investments may not perform as expected if information is inaccurate.

### ***Changes in legislation***

There can be no assurance that certain laws applicable to the Fund, including income tax laws and securities laws, will not be changed in a manner which adversely affects the Fund or unitholders.

### ***Concentration***

The composition of the securities included in the portfolio of the Fund taken as a whole may vary widely from time to time and may be concentrated by issuer, commodity, industry or geography. Overweighting investments in certain issuers, sectors or industries involves risk that a portfolio will suffer a loss because of declines in the prices of securities in those sectors or industries.

### ***Credit market disruptions***

From time to time, the credit markets are subject to periods in which there is a severe contraction of both liquidity and available leverage. These factors can result in leveraged strategies being required to sell positions – typically at a highly disadvantageous price – in order to meet margin requirements. Such conditions could cause a reduction in revenue or losses in leveraged strategies of the Fund.

### ***Credit***

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer of fixed income or debt securities purchased and held by the Fund will default on payment. Credit risk also includes the risk that an issuer's debt securities may be given a lowered credit rating which would increase the volatility of the price of those securities. Changes in the credit rating of a bond can also affect its liquidity and make it more difficult to sell.

### ***Cybersecurity***

With the increased use of technologies such as the Internet to conduct business, the Manager and the Fund are susceptible to operational, information security and related risks. Cyber incidents affecting the Fund, the Manager or the Fund's service providers (including, but not limited to, the Fund's transfer agent, custodian and sub-custodians) have the ability to cause disruptions and impact each of their respective business operations, potentially resulting in financial losses, interference with the Fund's ability to calculate its NAV, impediments to trading, the inability of unitholders to transact business with the Fund and the inability of the Fund to process transactions including redeeming units, violations of applicable privacy and other laws, regulatory fines, penalties, reputational damage, reimbursement or other compensation costs, or additional compliance costs associated with the implementation of any corrective measures. Similar adverse consequences could result from cyber incidents affecting the issuers of securities in which the Fund invests and counterparties with which the Fund engages in transactions.

In addition, substantial costs may be incurred to prevent any cyber incidents in the future. While the Manager and the Fund have established business continuity plans in the event of, and risk management systems to prevent, such cyber incidents, inherent limitations exist in such plans and systems including the possibility that certain risks have not been identified. Furthermore, the Manager and the Fund cannot control the cyber security plans and systems of the Fund's service providers, the issuers of securities in which the Fund invests or any other third parties whose operations may affect the Fund or its unitholders. As a result, the Fund and its unitholders could be negatively affected.

### ***Derivatives***

The use of derivative instruments involves risks different from and possibly greater than the risks associated with investing directly in such securities and other traditional investments. Derivatives are subject to a number of risks, such as liquidity risk, interest rate risk, market risk, credit risk, counterparty risk and trading execution risk. Derivatives also involve the risk of mispricing or improper valuation and the risk that changes in the value of a derivative may not correlate perfectly with the underlying asset, rate or index.

There is no assurance that a liquid exchange or an over-the-counter market will exist to permit the Fund to write or purchase call or put options on desired terms or to close out option positions should the Manager desire to do so. The ability of the Fund to close out its positions may also be affected by exchange-imposed daily trading limits on options or the lack of a liquid over-the-counter market. If the Fund is unable to repurchase or sell a call or put option that is 'in-the-money', it will be unable to realize its profits or limit its losses until such time as the option becomes exercisable or expires.

Some investors and financial market professionals price options based on the Black-Scholes Model. In practice, however, actual option premiums are determined in the marketplace and there can be no assurance that the values generated by the Black-Scholes Model can be attained in the market.

In purchasing options, the Fund is subject to the credit risk that its counterparty (whether a clearing corporation, in the case of exchange traded instruments, or other third party, in the case of over-the-counter instruments) may be unable to meet its obligations. In addition, in the absence of an options clearing house, there is risk of loss by the Fund in the event of the bankruptcy of the dealer with whom the Fund has an open position in an options contract. The inability to close out options could also have an adverse impact on the Fund's ability to use derivative instruments to effectively hedge their portfolio or implement their investment strategies.

The use of options may have the effect of limiting or reducing the total returns of the Fund if the Manager's expectations concerning future events or market conditions prove to be incorrect.

### ***Energy markets***

The Fund may engage in energy market trading. Energy market trading involves certain risks that are qualitatively different from those incurred in trading securities and other financial instruments.

The energy markets are susceptible to significant short-term price volatility as a result of a variety of factors, which may include: (i) the malfunctioning or unavailability of facilities necessary to produce, transport, store and deliver physical energy; (ii) the inefficient operation and antiquated condition of many power distribution networks; (iii) rate and tariff regulation; (iv) government ownership or operation of major energy market participants; (v) consumer advocacy; (vi) weather-related events; (vii) governmental intervention; (viii) changes in law; (ix) international political events; (x) other unforeseen events; (xi) unexpected changes in power distribution; (xii) pricing dislocations resulting from unexpected outages and spikes in fuel prices; (xiii) or other factors such as market illiquidity or disruption, the inability or refusal of a counterparty to perform or the insolvency or bankruptcy of a significant market participant. Furthermore, certain energy markets – in particular, those related to petroleum – are particularly subject to the risk of sudden and dramatic price changes as a result of, or as a result of the anticipation of, international political events, acts of war and terrorism. These events are, by their nature, unpredictable, and can cause extreme and sudden price reversals and market disruptions.

Certain energy markets – for example, natural gas – have from time to time encountered periods of extreme illiquidity as well as volatility.

### ***Equity securities***

To the extent that the Fund holds equity securities, it will be influenced by stock market conditions in those jurisdictions where the securities held are listed for trading and by changes in the circumstances of the issuers of such securities.

### ***Fees and expenses***

Certain series of the Fund are obligated to pay management fees and other expenses regardless of whether the Fund realizes a profit. Under certain circumstances, the Fund may be subject to significant indemnification obligations in respect of the Manager or certain affiliated parties.

### ***Foreign currency***

The NAV and Series NAV per unit are calculated in Canadian dollars. Some of the Fund's investments are purchased in currencies other than the Canadian dollar. As a result, the value of such investments will be affected by the value of the Canadian dollar relative to the value of the foreign currency. If the Canadian dollar rises in value relative to the other currency but the value of the investment otherwise remains constant, the value of the investment in Canadian dollars will have fallen. Similarly, if the value of the Canadian dollar has fallen relative to the foreign currency, the value of the Fund's investment will have increased. Currency exposure may increase the volatility of investments purchased in foreign currencies relative to investments purchased in Canadian currency.

The Fund may use derivatives such as options, futures, forward contracts, swaps and customized types of derivatives to hedge against losses caused by changes in exchange rates.

### ***Fund of fund***

The Fund may invest directly in, or obtain exposure to, other mutual funds including exchange-traded funds (ETFs) as part of its investment strategy. Consequently, the Fund is also subject to the risk of the underlying funds in proportion to the amount of the underlying fund held by the Fund. If an underlying fund in which the Fund has invested suspends redemptions, the Fund may be unable to value part of its portfolio and may be unable to redeem its investment in the underlying fund, which may have an adverse impact on the Fund's ability to satisfy redemption requests from its unitholders.

### ***General economic and market conditions***

Changes in economic and market conditions, such as interest rates, availability of credit, inflation rates, economic uncertainty, changes in laws, and national and international political circumstances may adversely affect operations and/or investment returns of the Fund. These factors may affect the level and volatility of securities prices and the liquidity of portfolio assets. Unexpected volatility or illiquidity could impair the Fund's profitability or result in losses.

In addition to changes in the condition of markets generally, unexpected and unpredictable events such as war, a widespread health crisis or global pandemic, terrorism and related geopolitical risks may lead to increased market volatility in the short term and may have adverse long-term effects on world economies and markets, including U.S., Canadian and other economies and securities markets. These types of unexpected and unpredictable events could have a significant impact on the Fund and its investments and could also result in fluctuations in the value of the Fund.



### ***General market disruptions***

Market disruption can be materially adverse to a wide range of investments. Market disruption may both decrease the number of market participants as well as restrict the availability of credit to market participants that would otherwise be interested in buying assets from certain investments.

Funds employing hedge fund and similar strategies also may incur major losses in disrupted markets due to formerly liquid positions becoming illiquid, making it difficult or impossible to close out the positions against which the markets are moving. In addition, actual market pricing may directly contradict historical pricing relationships in such market. The financing available to issuers from their banks, dealers and other counterparties may be substantially reduced in disrupted markets, which may result in forced sales by, and substantial losses to, the Fund.

### ***Hedging***

The Fund may seek to hedge positions as a means of obtaining protection against adverse price movements. The success of the Manager's hedging strategy depends on its ability to correctly assess the degree of correlation between the performance of the positions being hedged and the performance of the instruments used to hedge such positions. Since the characteristics of many investments change as markets change or time passes, the success of the Manager's hedging strategy also depends on the Manager's ability to recalculate, readjust and execute hedges in an efficient and timely manner. There can be no assurance that the Manager will employ hedging strategies successfully. The use of hedging strategies can be expected to result, during profitable periods for the positions being hedged, in lower profits than would have been achieved had such strategies not been used. At the same time, these strategies provide no assurance of mitigating losses when the market moves against the supposedly hedged positions. By hedging a particular position, the Fund limits the potential gain from an increase in value of such position, but may not achieve a commensurate increase in risk control.

### ***High yield securities***

The Fund may be subject to high yield securities risk. High yield securities risk is the risk that securities that are rated below investment grade (below "BBB-" by S&P or by Fitch Ratings Inc., or below "Baa3" by Moody's® Investors Service, Inc.) or are unrated at the time of purchase may be more volatile than higher rated securities of similar maturity. High yield securities may also be subject to greater levels of credit or default risk than higher-rated securities. The value of high yield securities can be adversely affected by overall economic conditions, such as an economic downturn or a period of rising interest rates, and high yield securities may be less liquid and more difficult to sell at an advantageous time or price or to value than higher-rated securities. In particular, high yield securities are often issued by smaller, less creditworthy companies or by highly leveraged firms, which are generally less able than more financially stable firms to make scheduled payments of interest and principal.

### ***Interest rates***

The Fund may invest in bonds and money market instruments, which are sensitive to changes in interest rates. In general, when interest rates are rising, the value of these investments tends to fall. When rates are falling, fixed income securities tend to increase in value. Fixed income securities with longer terms to maturity are generally more sensitive to changes in interest rates. Certain types of fixed income securities permit issuers to repay principal before the security's maturity date. There is a risk that an issuer will exercise this prepayment right after interest rates have fallen and the Fund that holds these fixed income securities will receive payments of principal before the expected maturity date of the security and may need to reinvest these proceeds in securities that have lower interest rates.

Changing interest rates can also indirectly impact the share prices of equity securities. When interest rates are high, it may cost a company more to fund its operations or pay down existing debt. This can impair a company's profitability and earnings growth potential, which can negatively impact its share price. Conversely, lower interest rates can make financing for a company cheaper, which can potentially increase its earnings growth potential. Interest rates can also impact the demand for goods and services that a company provides by impacting overall economic activity as described above.

### ***Lack of independent experts representing unitholders***

The Fund and the Manager have consulted with a single legal counsel regarding the formation and terms of the Fund and the offering of units. Unitholders have not, however, been independently represented. Therefore, to the extent that the Fund, unitholders or this offering could benefit by further independent review, such benefit will not be available. Each prospective investor should consult his or her own legal, tax and financial advisors regarding the desirability of purchasing units and the suitability of investing in the Fund. No outside selling agent unaffiliated with the Manager or its affiliates has made any review or investigation of the terms of the offering of units, the structure of the Fund or the background of the Manager or its affiliates.

### ***Large transactions***

If a unitholder has significant holdings in the Fund, the Fund is subject to the risk that such large unitholder may request a significant purchase or redemption of units of the Fund, which may impact the cash flow of the Fund. Large purchases and redemptions may result in: (a) the Fund maintaining an abnormally high cash balance; (b) large sales of portfolio securities impacting market value; (c) increased transaction costs (e.g., commissions); (d) significant changes to the composition of the Fund's portfolio; (e) purchase and/or sale of investments at unfavorable prices; and/or (f) capital gains being realized which may increase taxable distributions to investors. If this should occur, the returns of investors that invest or are invested in the Fund may be adversely affected. In addition, large redemption requests by unitholders with significant holdings may force the Fund to terminate. The Fund may also agree with a unitholder with significant holdings to make part of the redemptions in kind, by transferring assets of an equal value to the large redeeming unitholder, if assets of the Fund cannot be sold at advantageous prices without a significant impact to the value of the asset.

### ***Leverage***

When the Fund makes investments in derivatives or borrows cash for investment purposes, leverage may be introduced into the Fund. Leverage occurs when the Fund's notional exposure to underlying assets is greater than the amount invested. It is an investment technique that can magnify gains and losses. Consequently, any adverse change in the value or level of the underlying asset, rate or index may amplify losses compared to those that would have been incurred if the underlying asset had been directly held by the Fund and may result in losses greater than the amount invested in the derivative itself. Leverage may increase volatility, may impair the Fund's liquidity and may cause the Fund to liquidate positions at unfavorable times. The Fund is subject to a gross aggregate exposure limit of three times its NAV, which is measured on a daily basis. This will operate to limit the extent to which the Fund is leveraged.

### ***Liquidity***

Liquidity is a measure of how quickly an investment can be sold for cash at a fair market price. If the Fund cannot sell an investment quickly, the Fund may lose money or make a lower profit, especially if the Fund has to meet a large number of redemption requests. In general, investments in smaller companies or smaller or emerging markets tend to be less liquid than other types of investments. In addition, in volatile markets, securities that are generally liquid (including emerging market securities, high yield bonds, floating rate debt and other fixed income securities) may suddenly become illiquid.

### ***Longer-duration positions***

Longer-term positions in private offerings or issuers typically have no readily determinable value and are carried at or close to cost (as an estimate of "fair value") until a "revaluation" or "realization" event occurs with respect to such positions. These positions create both liquidity and valuation risks for the Fund and can contribute to performance volatility due to sudden and material revaluations or realizations.

### ***Multiple series***

The Fund is available in more than one series of units. Each series has its own fees and expenses, which are tracked separately. Those expenses will be deducted in calculating the unit value for that series, thereby reducing its unit value.

If one series is unable to pay its expenses or liabilities, the assets of the other series will be used to pay those expenses or liabilities. As a result, the unit price of the other series may also be reduced. Please refer to sections entitled *Purchases, Changes and Redemptions* and *Fees and Expenses* for more information regarding each series and how their unit value is calculated.

### ***Options trading***

The Fund may purchase and write (i.e., sell) calls and puts for investment purposes. The Fund is subject to the full risk of its investment position in its portfolios, including those securities that are subject to outstanding options held by the Fund.

As a purchaser of options, the Fund may lose its investment in the option, that is, the premium paid upon purchase, if such option is not sold or exercised when it has remaining value or if it is not profitable to exercise the option upon its expiration.

As a seller of options, the Fund may be exposed to (a) in the case of a covered call option, the risk of a decline in the market price of the underlying security to a level below the purchase price of the security (to the extent such decline exceeds the premium); (b) in the case of a covered put option, the risk of an increase in the market price of the underlying security to a level above the sales price in establishing the underlying short position (to the extent such increase exceeds the premium); and (c) in the case of “naked” short option positions, theoretically unlimited risk. As a seller of options, the Fund may also give up opportunities for gains on the underlying security.

Volatility is a principal component of options pricing. If the volatility in the market for the asset underlying the options held or sold changes materially, the Fund could incur substantial losses even if the options in question would have generated substantial profits if the current price levels had been in effect at expiration.

### ***Performance fee***

As described in this Simplified Prospectus, Waypoint is entitled to receive a performance fee from the Fund. The performance fee theoretically may create an incentive for Waypoint to make investments that are riskier than would be the case if such fee did not exist. In addition, because the performance fee is calculated on a basis that includes unrealized appreciation of the Fund’s assets, it may be greater than if such compensation were based solely on realized gains.

### ***Real estate-related products***

The Fund may invest in real estate-related investment products. Real estate is subject to long-term cyclical trends that give rise to significant volatility in real estate values. Investments in real estate-related investment products are subject to various risks, including, for example: (i) adverse changes in national and international economic and geopolitical conditions, local market conditions and the financial conditions of borrowers; (ii) changes in the number of buyers and sellers of properties; (iii) increases in the availability of supply of property relative to demand; (iv) changes in the availability of financing; (v) increases in interest rates, real estate tax rates, energy prices and other operating expenses; (vi) changes in environmental laws and regulations, zoning laws, rent control laws and other governmental rules and policies; (vii) changes in the relative popularity of properties; (viii) risks due to dependence on cash flow; (ix) operating problems; and (x) “acts of God”, uninsurable losses and other factors that are beyond the control of the Manager.

### ***Securities lending, repurchase and reverse repurchase transactions***

The Fund may enter into securities lending, repurchase and reverse repurchase transactions in accordance with NI 81-102. In a securities lending transaction, a fund lends its portfolio securities through an authorized agent to another party (a “**counterparty**”) in exchange for a fee and a form of acceptable collateral. In a repurchase transaction, a fund sells its portfolio securities for cash through an authorized agent while at the same time it assumes an obligation to repurchase the same securities for cash (usually at a lower price) at a later date. In a reverse repurchase transaction, a fund buys portfolio securities for cash while at the same time it agrees to resell the same securities for cash (usually a

higher price) at a later date. Set out below are some of the general risks associated with securities lending, repurchase and reverse repurchase transactions:

- When entering into securities lending, repurchase and reverse repurchase transactions, the Fund is subject to the credit risk that the counterparty may default under the agreement and the Fund would be forced to make a claim in order to recover its investment.
- When recovering its investment on a default, the Fund could incur a loss if the value of the portfolio securities loaned (in a securities lending transaction) or sold (in a repurchase transaction) has increased in value relative to the value of the collateral held by the Fund.
- Similarly, the Fund could incur a loss if the value of the portfolio securities it has purchased (in a reverse repurchase transaction) decreases below the amount of cash paid by the Fund to the counterparty.

### ***Small to medium capitalization companies***

The Fund may invest a portion of its assets in the stocks of companies with small- to medium-sized market capitalizations. While it is the Manager's position that these investments often provide significant potential for appreciation, those stocks, particularly smaller-capitalization stocks, involve higher risks in some respects than do investments in stocks of larger companies. For example, prices of such stocks are often more volatile than prices of large-capitalization stocks. In addition, due to thin trading in some such stocks, an investment in these stocks may be more illiquid than that of larger-capitalization stocks.

### ***Special relationships with and material non-public information regarding specific companies***

The Manager may from time to time develop a special relationship with management of an issuer, whether through the provision of consulting services or financial sponsorship, or otherwise, which may cause the Manager, and the Fund and other funds and managed accounts on whose behalf the Manager is acting, to be an "insider" of the issuer for a temporary or prolonged period, and therefore subject to statutory prohibitions on trading any of the issuer's securities, rendering an investment in such securities illiquid.

The Manager may from time to time come into possession of material non-public information concerning specific companies. Under applicable securities laws, this may limit the Manager's flexibility to buy or sell securities issued by such companies on behalf of the Fund. Alternatively, the Manager may decline to receive material non-public information in order to avoid trading restrictions, even though access to such information might have been advantageous and other market participants are in possession of such information.

### ***Special situation investing***

The Fund may invest in companies that are involved in, or are the target of, acquisition attempts or tender offers, or companies that are involved in work-outs, liquidations, spin-offs, reorganizations, bankruptcies and similar transactions. The consummation of mergers, tender offers and exchange offers can be prevented or delayed by a variety of factors, including management or shareholder opposition, government intervention, an attempt by a third party to acquire the offeror, market conditions resulting in material changes in securities prices, compliance with any applicable legal requirements and inability to obtain adequate financing. Additionally, such investment can result in a distribution of cash or a new security the value of which is less than the purchase price of the security in respect of which such distribution is received. Similarly, if an anticipated transaction does not in fact occur, the Fund may be required to sell its investment at a loss.

### ***Taxation of the Fund***

The Fund is subject to certain tax risks generally applicable to Canadian investment funds, including the following.

The Fund currently qualifies and is expected to continue to qualify at all material times as a "mutual fund trust" and a "registered investment" under the Tax Act. If the Fund ceases to qualify as a "mutual fund trust" under the Tax Act,

the income tax considerations described under the heading *Income Tax Considerations for Investors* would be materially and adversely different in some respects.

In determining its income for tax purposes, the Fund will treat option premiums received on the writing of secured put options and any gains or losses sustained on closing out such options as capital gains and capital losses in accordance with the CRA's published administrative practice. The CRA's practice is not to grant advance income tax rulings on the characterization of items as capital or income and no advance income tax ruling has been applied for or received from the CRA. Accordingly, there is a risk that the CRA may not agree with the tax treatment adopted by the Fund. In such case, the net income of the Fund for tax purposes and the taxable component of distributions to unitholders could increase. Any such redetermination by the CRA may also result in the Fund being liable for unremitted withholding taxes on prior distributions made to unitholders who were not resident in Canada for the purposes of the Tax Act at the time of the distribution. Such potential liability may reduce the NAV or the Series NAV of the units.

In certain circumstances, the Fund may experience a "loss restriction event" for tax purposes, which generally will occur each time any person or partnership (counted together with affiliates), or a group of persons, becomes a holder of units representing more than 50% of the fair market value of the Fund. The Tax Act provides relief in the application of the "loss restriction event" rules for trust funds that are "investment funds" as defined therein. The Fund will be considered an "investment fund" for this purpose if it meets certain conditions, including complying with certain asset diversification requirements. If the Fund fails to meet this definition, it may be deemed to have a year end for tax purposes upon the occurrence of a "loss restriction event". Where such deemed year end occurs, unitholders may receive an unscheduled distribution of income and capital gains from the Fund. For units held in non-registered accounts, these distributions must be included in the calculation of unitholder's income for tax purposes. Future distribution amounts in respect of the Fund may also be impacted by the expiry of certain losses at the deemed year end.

#### ***Turnover***

The Fund may invest on the basis of short-term market considerations from time to time. The turnover rate associated with such investments may be significant, potentially involving substantial brokerage commissions and fees.

#### ***Use of margin accounts***

Some or all of the Fund's assets may be held in one or more margin accounts with the custodian or a prime broker. The margin accounts may provide less segregation of customer assets than would be the case with a more conventional custody arrangement. The custodian or prime broker may also lend, pledge or hypothecate the Fund's assets in such accounts, which may result in a potential loss of such assets. As a result, the Fund's assets could be frozen and inaccessible for withdrawal or subsequent trading for an extended period of time if the custodian or prime broker experiences financial difficulty. In such case, the Fund may experience losses due to insufficient assets at the custodian or prime broker to satisfy the claims of its creditors, and adverse market movements while its positions cannot be traded.

#### ***Use of models***

The Manager uses its own and third-party financial models in its attempt to achieve the investment objectives of the Fund. Models typically are designed on the basis of assumptions derived from past market data. Any one or all of these assumptions, whether or not supported by past experience, could prove over time to be incorrect. For example, models may postulate (or their empirical efficacy may depend on) assumptions regarding the existence of relationships that appear to hold true (or in fact held true in the past) but that may not exist in the future or may not be true in certain market conditions. The back testing of certain models may be incomplete or impractical and may depend on the cooperation of third parties with which the Manager has no contractual relationships (and, accordingly, no entitlement to cooperation). Inputs into various models may be composed of or derived from facts, the accuracy of which has not been independently verified by the Manager or any third party. In developing markets, material factors may not be incorporated into models for some time or may be incorporated inaccurately. This has happened a number of times in the past, resulting in substantial losses for large groups of market participants that had determined, on the basis of models that later proved incorrect, that their positions had minimal risk.

# Purchases, Changes and Redemptions

## Series of units

The Fund may offer an unlimited number of series of units and may issue an unlimited number of units of each series. The Fund currently offers Series A, Series F and Series I units under this Simplified Prospectus.

Each series of units is intended for different types of investors. The money that you and other investors pay to purchase units of any series is tracked on a series by series basis in the Fund's administration records. However, the assets of all series of the Fund are combined in a single pool to create one portfolio for investment purposes.

## Series A

Series A units are available to all investors.

## Series F

Series F units are available to investors who have a fee-based account with their Dealer, other investors for whom we do not incur distribution costs or investors approved by us. Instead of paying sales charges, investors with fee-based accounts who buy Series F units may pay fees to their Dealer for investment advice provided by their Advisor and other services. We do not pay any commission to Dealers in respect of Series F units.

If you cease to be eligible to hold Series F units, we may change your Series F units into Series A units of the Fund.

## Series I

Series I units are special-purpose securities available to other mutual funds, institutional investors and other permitted investors. Series I units are not sold to the general public. No management or performance fees are charged to the Fund with respect to Series I. Instead, each Series I investor negotiates its own management fee and may negotiate its own performance fee, which is paid directly to us. No sales commission is paid to Dealers for selling these units. We must approve any change to or from Series I units.

If you cease to be eligible to hold Series I units, we may change your Series I units into Series A units of the Fund.

## How to buy units of the Fund

You can buy units of the Fund through an Advisor. We do not accept any purchase orders directly from individual investors under this Simplified Prospectus. Generally, you must be of the age of majority in the province in which you live to buy units in a mutual fund. You may hold units in trust for a minor.

## Purchase price

When you buy units in the Fund, the price you pay is the Series NAV per unit of those units. Each series of units of the Fund has a separate Series NAV. We calculate the Series NAV by:

- taking that series' proportionate share of the assets of the Fund and
- subtracting that series' expenses and its proportionate share of the Fund's common expenses.

The Series NAV per unit is calculated by dividing the Series NAV by the total number of outstanding units of that series.

We calculate the Series NAV for each series of the Fund in Canadian dollars. The Series NAV per unit will fluctuate with the value of the Fund's investments.

If your purchase order is placed by your Dealer before 4 p.m. Eastern Time on a business day or before the TSX closes for the day, whichever is earlier, your order will be processed based on the Series NAV per unit calculated on that day. If your order is placed by your Dealer after that time, your order will be processed based on the Series NAV per unit calculated on the next business day.

### **Sales charges**

Series A units are available for purchase under the initial sales charge option only. Under the initial sales charge option, you and your Dealer negotiate a fee, which may be up to 5% of the cost of the units, and you pay this fee to your Dealer when you buy the units. You will not pay a redemption fee when you redeem your units, other than a short-term trading fee, if applicable. There are no sales commissions payable on Series F and Series I units of the Fund.

### **U.S. dollar purchase option**

Series A and F units of the Fund are available for purchase in both Canadian and U.S. dollars. Note that the ability to purchase the Fund in U.S. dollars is offered as a convenience for investors and does not act as a currency hedge between the Canadian and U.S. dollars. For purchases in U.S. dollars, the Series NAV per unit is computed by converting the Canadian dollar value into U.S. dollars based on exchange rates at the time the NAV is calculated. For Fund units purchased in U.S. dollars, changes will be processed in U.S. dollars and redemption proceeds and distributions will be paid in U.S. dollars. You must calculate your income and net realized capital gains for tax purposes in Canadian dollars.

### **Minimum investment**

The minimum initial investment in Series A and Series F units of the Fund is \$1,000. The minimum additional investment in Series A or Series F units of the Fund is \$500 unless you buy through a pre-authorized contribution plan, in which case the minimum additional investment is \$100. These minimum investment amounts may be adjusted or waived in our absolute discretion and without notice to unitholders.

The minimum initial investment and each additional investment in Series I units of the Fund is negotiated between each Series I investor and the Manager. We reserve the right to redeem, without notice to you, all of the Series I units that you hold if your investment in Series I units falls below the minimum investment negotiated.

### **How your order is processed**

You and your Advisor are responsible for ensuring that your purchase order is accurate and that all of the necessary documents or instructions are submitted by your Dealer.

We must receive full payment from your Dealer within two business days of processing your order. If we do not receive payment within the stipulated time or if the payment is returned, we will redeem your units on the next business day. If the proceeds are greater than the amount you owe us, the Fund will keep the difference. If the proceeds are less than the amount you owe us, your Dealer will pay the difference to the Fund and you may have to reimburse your Dealer.

We may accept or reject your order within one business day of receiving it. If we accept your order, you will receive a written or electronic confirmation from your Dealer. If we reject your order, we will return your money to your Dealer without interest.

We do not issue certificates for units of the Fund.

## How to redeem units of the Fund

If you want to redeem any of your units of the Fund, contact your Advisor, who may ask you to complete a redemption request form.

We will pay your Dealer the current Series NAV per unit for your units less any applicable short-term trading fees, as described below. If your redemption request is placed by your Dealer before 4 p.m. Eastern Time on a business day or before the TSX closes for the day, whichever is earlier, we will calculate your redemption amount as of that day. If your redemption request is placed by your Dealer after that time, we will calculate your redemption amount as of the next business day.

You will receive redemption proceeds in the currency in which you invested in the Fund.

We may, in our discretion, request additional documentation prior to redeeming units if you do not place your redemption request through your Dealer.

### Redemption fees

You do not pay a redemption fee for redeeming Series A, Series F or Series I units of the Fund. However, you may have to pay a short-term trading fee if you redeem securities within 30 days of purchase. See *Short-term trading fees*.

### Market timing and excessive short-term trading

In general, the Fund is a long-term investment. Some investors may seek to trade frequently to try to take advantage of the difference between the Fund's NAV and the value of the Fund's portfolio holdings. This activity is sometimes referred to as "market timing". Frequent trading in order to time the market or otherwise can hurt the Fund's performance, affecting all the investors in the Fund, by forcing the Fund to keep cash or sell investments to meet redemptions. We use a combination of measures to detect and deter market-timing activity and excessive short-term trading, including:

- monitoring trading activity in our client accounts; and
- imposing short-term trading fees and, if a client continues to attempt such trading activity, declining trades.

While we actively take steps to detect and deter market-timing activity and excessive short-term trading, we cannot ensure all such activity is completely eliminated. In certain instances, an institutional investor may invest in the Fund directly or indirectly for multiple investors whose individual trading activity is not recorded on our recordkeeping system.

### Short-term trading fees

If you redeem within 30 days of purchase, we may charge a short-term trading fee on behalf of the Fund in circumstances where we determine that the trading activity may represent market timing and/or excessive short-term trading. See the heading *Fees and Expenses – Fees and Expenses Payable Directly by You*.

Short-term trading fees are meant to help protect long-term fund investors and reduce market timers' arbitrage opportunities and, as such, we do not impose fees where the interests of long-term investors are not harmed by short-term or excessive trades.

The short-term trading fee will not apply in certain circumstances, such as:

- redemptions of units purchased by the reinvestment of distributions;
- redemptions for systematic withdrawal plans;



- redemptions initiated by Waypoint;
- redemptions of units to pay management fees, operating expenses, fund costs and/or advisor fees with respect to Series I units; or
- redemptions that are a result of a special circumstance, such as death of a unitholder or a hardship situation, subject to our discretion.

### **How your redemption request is processed**

We pay your Dealer the proceeds of your redemption, less applicable fees, within two Business Days after all the required documents or instructions are submitted.

We will deduct any short-term trading fees, if applicable, from the payment of the proceeds of your redemption.

We send the redemption proceeds to your account that is registered in the name of your Dealer.

If your Dealer does not submit all the necessary documents or instructions within 10 business days of submitting the redemption order, we will buy back the same number of units on your behalf on the 10th business day after the redemption request. If the proceeds from that redemption are greater than the cost we incur to buy back the units, the Fund will keep the difference. If the proceeds from that redemption are less than the cost we incur to buy back the units, your Dealer will pay the difference to the Fund and you may have to reimburse your Dealer.

### **Automatic redemption**

Investors in Series A and Series F units of the Fund must keep at least \$1000 in their accounts. If your account falls below \$1000, we may notify you and give you 30 days to make another investment. If your account stays below \$1000 after the end of the 30-day notice period, we may redeem all of the units in your account and send the proceeds to you.

In addition, we reserve the right to redeem, without notice to you, all of the Series I units that you hold in the Fund if your investment in Series I units of the Fund falls below the negotiated minimum investment.

We may require investors who are U.S. citizens or foreign (including U.S.) tax residents to redeem some or all of their units if their participation has the potential to cause regulatory or tax problems. For example, if an investor does not provide a valid self-certification from a FATCA or CRS perspective or a valid tax identification number, which could result in non-compliance penalty obligations to the Fund, we may redeem the investor's units in an amount to make the Fund whole for the imposition of such penalties.

We also intend to observe all redemption policies that may be implemented from time to time by industry participants such as Fundserv, which provides a transaction processing system used by most mutual funds in Canada.

Irrespective of the size of your investment in the Fund, we reserve the right to redeem all of the units that you hold in the Fund in our sole discretion.

### **Suspending your right to redeem**

Canadian securities regulations allow us to suspend your right to redeem your units:

- when normal trading is suspended in any market where securities or derivatives that make up more than 50% of the Fund's total value are traded and there is no other market or exchange that represents a reasonable alternative; or
- with the consent of the Ontario Securities Commission.

If we suspend redemption rights after you have requested a redemption and before your redemption amount has been determined, you may either withdraw your redemption request or redeem your units at the Series NAV per unit determined after the suspension period ends. We will not accept orders to buy units of the Fund during any redemption suspension period.

## **How to change between series of units of the Fund**

You may change Series A units into Series F units through your Dealer if you meet the Series F eligibility criteria set out above. When you change your series of units to another series of units of the Fund, your Dealer may charge you a fee of up to 2% of the NAV of the units being changed.

We may change your Series F units into Series A units upon 30 days' prior notice if you cease to be eligible to hold Series F units in your account. We will not make the change if your Dealer notifies us during the notice period, and we agree, that you are once again eligible to hold Series F units. On a change from Series F to Series A units, unitholders will be required to pay the fees and charges applicable to the initial sales charge option for Series A units.

If you wish to convert between Canadian dollar and U.S. dollar purchase options offered by the Fund, you or your Advisor must initiate this conversion as a redemption and subsequent purchase. A redemption is a disposition for tax purposes. See the heading *Income Tax Considerations for Investors – Non-registered accounts – Tax impact of redeeming your units* for more details.

### **Tax consequences of changing**

A change between series of the Fund is a redesignation of units and is not a disposition for tax purposes.

See the heading *Income Tax Considerations for Investors* for more details.

## **Optional Services**

Dealers may provide optional services to unitholders, including pre-authorized contribution plans, systematic withdrawal plans and automatic reinvestment plans. Please contact your Dealer for details including any fees charged by your Dealer for such services.

The Fund may be purchased within Registered Plans, including RRSPs, group RRSPs, RRIAs, RESPs, RDSPs, DPSPs and TFSAs, which may be available by your Dealer. See the heading *Income Tax Considerations for Investors – How your Investment is Taxed – Registered Plans* regarding the circumstances in which units of the Fund may be prohibited investments for a Registered Plan (other than a DPSP).

## **Fees and Expenses**

The following tables show the fees and expenses you may have to pay if you invest in the Fund. You may pay some of these fees and expenses directly, depending on the series of units you purchase. The Fund may pay some of these fees and expenses, which reduces the value of your investment.

The consent of unitholders will be obtained if (i) the basis of the calculation of a fee or expense that is charged to the Fund is changed in a way that could result in an increase in charges to the Fund or to its investors, or (ii) a fee or expense to be charged to the Fund or directly to the Fund's investors by the Fund or us in connection with holding units of the Fund that could result in an increase in charges to the Fund or its investors is introduced. In either case, unitholder consent will not be required if the change or new fee or expense is a result of a change made by a third party at arm's length from the Fund, or is not required under securities regulation. In this case, if required by securities regulators, you will be sent a written notice at least 60 days before the effective date of the change.

## Fees and Expenses Payable by the Fund

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**Management Fees** The Fund pays a management fee to us in respect of Series A and Series F units, which is calculated and accrued daily and paid monthly. The management fee covers fees for services we provide, or cause to be provided, to the Fund, including the investment management of the Fund, oversight of service providers, general administration and the distribution, marketing and promotion of the Fund. The rate of the Series A and Series F management fee, excluding applicable sales tax and any other applicable taxes, expressed as an annual percentage of the Fund's daily Series NAV of the applicable series of units, is set out below:

Series A: 1.75%

Series F: 1.00%

Investors pay the management fees for Series I units directly. The Series I management fee (which is negotiated) will not exceed the management fee payable in respect of Series F units of the Fund and is accrued and paid as agreed to by the Manager and each Series I investor.

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**Management Fee Distributions** The Manager reserves the right to offer a reduced management fee to select investors in Series A and Series F units who (among other considerations) hold large investments in the Fund. This is achieved by reducing the management fee charged by us to the Fund based on the aggregate NAV of the units held by such investor and the Fund distributing an amount equal to the reduction (a "**Management Fee Distribution**") to the investor. Management Fee Distributions are automatically reinvested in additional units of the same series of the Fund.

A Management Fee Distribution results in the distribution of additional income, capital gains and/or capital to an investor. Management Fee Distributions are paid first out of income and capital gains of the Fund, and, thereafter, out of capital. The income tax consequences of a Management Fee Distribution will generally be borne by the unitholder who receives the distribution. You should discuss Management Fee Distributions with your tax advisor so that you are fully aware of the tax implications for your particular situation. Refer also to *Income Tax Considerations for Investors* for more information.

**Performance Fees** The Manager receives a performance fee in respect of Series A and Series F units of the Fund, which is calculated and accrued for each such series each Business Day during the relevant Performance Fee Determination Period (as defined below).

The Fund will pay the Manager a performance fee plus applicable sales tax and any other applicable taxes for each Performance Fee Determination Period equal to 15% of the Net Profit (as defined below) of each of the applicable series of units, subject to the High-water Mark (as defined below).

The "Performance Fee Determination Period" means (i) each calendar quarter for those investors that remain in the Fund at the end of the calendar quarter and (ii) the period from the beginning of a calendar quarter until the redemption date for those investors that redeem prior to the end of the calendar quarter.

"Net Profit" means, in respect of each series of units of the Fund for any Performance Fee Determination Period, the amount calculated by deducting the relevant Series NAV per unit on the first business day of that Performance Fee Determination Period from the Series NAV per unit on the last business day of that Performance Fee Determination Period and multiplying the resulting amount by the total number of units of such series outstanding at the close of business on the last business day in that Performance Fee Determination Period.

“High-water Mark” means, in respect of each series of units of the Fund, the highest Series NAV per unit in respect of which a performance fee has been previously paid for that series, or the initial offering price of the units of such series if no performance fee has yet been paid in respect of such series.

No performance fee shall be paid in respect of a series unless the Series NAV per unit exceeds the High-water Mark for that series and, in such circumstances, a performance fee shall only be paid on that portion of the Net Profit that exceeds the High-water Mark.

The Manager may make such adjustments to the Series NAV per unit and/or the calculation of the performance fee as may be determined by the Manager to be necessary to account for the payment of any distributions on units, any unit splits or consolidations or any other event or matter that would, in the opinion of the Manager, impact upon the calculation of the performance fee. Any such determination shall, absent manifest error, be binding on all unitholders.

Investors in Series I units may negotiate a performance fee (in accordance with applicable regulatory requirements) to be paid by the investor to the Manager that is different than the one described above or may pay no performance fee at all, as determined by the Manager in its discretion.

## **Operating Expenses**

The Fund is responsible for paying its own operating expenses, including brokerage commissions and fees on portfolio transactions and other portfolio transaction costs, interest expenses, custodian fees, regulatory fees, costs and expenses related to the Fund’s IRC (including the compensation discussed below), audit and legal fees, insurance premiums, registrar’s fees, distribution costs, the cost of reporting to unitholders (including proxy solicitation material), the cost of qualifying and maintaining the qualification for sale of the units, any other fees that become commonly charged in the Canadian mutual fund industry, and taxes payable on any of these expenses, including applicable sales tax.

Each series of units of the Fund pays for its own operating expenses and its proportionate share of the common operating expenses. These amounts are paid out of the assets attributed to each series of units of the Fund, which reduces the return you receive.

From time to time, in our discretion, we may absorb operating expenses that would otherwise be charged to the Fund or a series of units. This absorption of operating expenses may be terminated at any time without prior notice to unitholders.

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## **IRC**

Currently, each member of the IRC receives a retainer of \$2,000 per annum (\$2,500 per annum for the chair). The compensation of the IRC members is reviewed at least annually at a meeting of the IRC. Members of the IRC are entitled to be reimbursed for all reasonable expenses incurred in the performance of their duties. Expenses of the IRC include insurance premiums, travel expenses and reasonable out-of-pocket expenses.

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## Underlying Fund Fees and Expenses

If the Fund invests in an underlying fund, the underlying fund may pay a management fee and other expenses in addition to the fees and expenses payable by the Fund. The fees and expenses of the underlying fund will have an impact on the management expense ratio of the Fund, as the Fund is required, in determining its management expense ratio, to take into account the expenses incurred by the Fund that are attributable to its investment in the underlying fund. However, the Fund will not pay management fees on the portion of its assets that it invests in the underlying fund that, to a reasonable person, would duplicate a fee payable by the underlying fund for the same service. In addition, the Fund will not pay duplicate sales charges or redemption fees for its purchase or redemption of securities of the underlying fund.

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## Fees and Expenses Payable Directly by You

<b>Series I Management Fees and Performance Fees</b>	<p>If you invest in Series I units, you will pay management fees directly to us that will not exceed the management fee payable in respect of Series F units of the Fund. See <i>Fees and Expenses Payable by the Fund – Management Fees</i> for more information.</p> <p>Unitholders of Series I units may negotiate a performance fee (in accordance with applicable regulatory requirements) to be paid by the unitholder to the Manager that is the same or different than the performance fee payable in respect of Series A and Series F of the Fund or may pay no performance fee at all, as determined by the Manager in its discretion.</p>
<b>Sales Charges</b>	<p>If you invest in Series A units, you may have to pay an initial sales charge of up to 5% of the purchase price of the Series A units you buy to your Dealer. You negotiate the sales charges with your Advisor. There are no sales charges payable on Series F or Series I units.</p>
<b>Series F Fees</b>	<p>If you invest in Series F units, you may have to pay your Dealer a fee for investment advice and/or for other services. Investors in Series F units do not pay sales charges and we do not pay any commissions to Dealers in respect of Series F units. The fee is negotiated between you and your Advisor.</p>
<b>Change Fees</b>	<p>When you change your units of a series to another series of the Fund, your Dealer may charge you a fee of up to 2% of the NAV of the units being changed. You may negotiate the change fee with your Dealer. See <i>Purchases, Changes and Redemptions – How to change between series of units of the Fund</i> for details.</p>
<b>Short-Term Trading Fees</b>	<p>You may pay to the Fund 2% of the current value of the units you redeem if you redeem your units within 30 days of purchase. See the heading <i>Purchases, Changes and Redemptions – How to redeem units of the Fund – Short-term trading fees</i> for details.</p>
<b>Pre-Authorized Contribution Plan Fees</b>	<p>Your Dealer may charge you an administrative fee for this service. You may negotiate the amount with your Dealer.</p>
<b>Registered Plan Fees</b>	<p>Your Dealer may charge you a fee for this service. You may negotiate the amount with your Dealer.</p>

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## Impact of Sales Charges

The following table shows the maximum sales charge you would pay if you made an investment of \$1,000 in Series A units of the Fund, held that investment for one, three, five or ten years and redeemed immediately before the end of the period.

The table assumes you are paying the maximum possible sales charge, although you may negotiate a lower sales charge with your Advisor.

Option	At purchase	1 year	3 years	5 years	10 years
Initial Sales Charge <sup>1,2</sup>	\$50.00	None	None	None	None

<sup>1</sup> There are no sales charges for Series F or Series I units. However, Series F investors may pay a separate fee to their Dealer.

<sup>2</sup> A short-term trading fee may apply if units of the Fund are redeemed within 30 days of purchase. See *Purchases, Changes and Redemptions – How to redeem units of the Fund – Short-term trading fees*.

## Dealer Compensation

### Sales commission

If you buy Series A units of the Fund, the sales charge you negotiate (up to 5% of your purchase amount) is deducted from your purchase amount and paid by you to your Dealer.

### Trailing commission

Subject to compliance with applicable securities regulations, we pay a trailing commission to your Dealer monthly on the Series A units of the Fund. This commission is paid by us out of our management fee and is equal to an annual percentage of 0.75% of the NAV of the Series A units of the Fund you hold. No trailing commission is paid on Series F or Series I units of the Fund. We may change the terms of the trailing commission program at any time. You can contact us at any time to confirm the amount of trailing commissions paid to your Dealer on a series of units of the Fund.

The trailing commission is paid by us to your Dealer quarterly during each calendar year and will be calculated based on a daily average asset calculation. This trailing commission is determined by us and may be changed at any time. It is expected that certain Dealers will pay a portion of the trailing commission to sales representatives as compensation for providing ongoing investment advice and/or service to clients.

### Other kinds of Dealer compensation

We may from time to time pay the permitted marketing expenses of Dealers on a co-operative basis. We may also hold educational conferences that sales representatives of Dealers may attend and may pay certain of the expenses incurred by Dealers in holding such educational conferences for Advisors. In addition, we may provide promotional items of minimal value to Advisors.

These activities are permissible under National Instrument 81-105 *Mutual Fund Sales Practices* and any costs incurred by them will be paid by us and not the Fund.

## Dealer Compensation from Management Fees

During the financial year ended December 31, 2020, we paid dealers compensation of approximately 1.32% of the total management fees we received in respect of the Fund. This includes amounts we paid to dealers for trailing commissions, service fees and other kinds of dealer compensation.

# Income Tax Considerations for Investors

**This information is a general summary of Canadian federal income tax rules and is not intended to be legal or tax advice. We are assuming that you are an individual (other than a trust) and, for the purposes of the Tax Act and at all relevant times, are resident in Canada, are not affiliated with the Fund, deal with the Fund at arm's length, and that you hold your units directly as capital property or in a Registered Plan. More detailed tax information is available in the Fund's Annual Information Form.**

**We have tried to make this discussion easy to understand. As a result, we do not describe the tax rules in detail or cover all the tax consequences that may apply. We recommend you consult your tax advisor for advice about your individual situation.**

## **How mutual funds earn money**

Mutual funds make money in a number of ways. These include:

- earning income in the form of dividends, interest, trust income, certain gains from derivatives, short sales or other types of returns from investments; and
- realizing a capital gain if they sell an investment for more than its cost. The Fund may realize a capital loss if it sells an investment for less than its cost.

The Fund will distribute enough of its net income and net realized capital gains (calculated in Canadian dollars) each year to unitholders so that it does not have to pay ordinary income tax, after taking into account applicable losses of the Fund and the capital gains refund, if any, the Fund is entitled to for the purposes of the Tax Act.

## **How your investment is taxed**

The tax you pay on your investment depends on whether you hold your units in a non-registered account or a Registered Plan.

### **Non-registered accounts**

#### **Distributions**

Distributions from the Fund may be paid as income, capital gains and/or as returns of capital. The tax treatment of distributions is described below. Returns of capital may result in an encroachment upon your original investment and, over time, may result in the return to you of the entire amount of your original investment. A return of capital made to you is not immediately taxable in your hands but will reduce the adjusted cost base (“**ACB**”) of your units on which it was paid. However, if distributions are reinvested in additional units of the Fund, the **ACB** will increase by the amount reinvested. Where a reduction would cause the **ACB** of your units to become negative, the negative amount is treated as a capital gain realized by you in the year it occurs and the **ACB** of your units becomes nil. You should consult your own tax advisor regarding the tax treatment to you of distributions and the reinvestment of such distributions in your particular circumstances.

Generally, in computing your income for tax purposes you must include the taxable portion of all distributions paid to you by the Fund (including Management Fee Distributions, if any) in Canadian dollars. This is the case whether you receive them in cash or reinvest them in additional units. Distributions are automatically reinvested by purchasing additional units of the Fund on your behalf, unless your Dealer tells us that you want them in cash. The Fund will take steps so that capital gains and Canadian dividends earned by the Fund will retain their character when paid to you. Canadian dividends distributed to you by the Fund are included in income subject to the gross-up and dividend tax credit rules. You may be eligible to claim foreign tax credits on foreign non-business income tax paid by the Fund and not deducted by it.

You will receive a T3 tax slip each year showing the Canadian dollar amount and type of distributions (Canadian eligible dividends, Canadian dividends other than eligible dividends, capital gains, foreign income, other income, and/or returns of capital) you received from each Fund, and showing any foreign non-business income tax allocated to you.

### **Adjusted cost base (ACB)**

The amount of any reinvested distributions is added to your ACB to reduce your capital gain or increase your capital loss when you redeem those units, so that you do not pay tax twice on the same amount.

Amounts you receive as a return of capital will not be included in your income but will reduce the ACB of your units. If the ACB of your units is reduced to an amount less than zero, you will immediately realize a capital gain equal to that amount at that time and your ACB will then be zero.

The aggregate ACB of your units of a series of the Fund is made up of:

- the amount you paid for your units, including sales commissions **plus**
- any reinvested distributions (including returns of capital and Management Fee Distributions) **minus**
- any distributions that were a return of capital **minus**
- the ACB of any units previously changed or redeemed.

The ACB of a unit is simply the ACB of your total investment in units of a series of the Fund divided by the total number of such units of the Fund held by you.

**You are responsible for keeping a record of the ACB of your investment for purposes of calculating any capital gain or capital loss you may realize when you redeem, or otherwise dispose of, your units. You should keep track of the original cost of your units of the Fund, including new units you receive when distributions are reinvested. If you own units of the Fund denominated in U.S. dollars, you must convert U.S. dollars to Canadian dollars using the appropriate exchange rate, determined in accordance with the detailed rules in the Tax Act in that regard. Your tax advisor can help you with these calculations.**

### **Buying units just before a distribution date**

When units of the Fund are purchased, a portion of the acquisition price may reflect income and capital gains of the Fund that have not yet been realized or distributed. Accordingly, unitholders who acquire units of the Fund just before a distribution date, including at year end, may be required to include in their income amounts distributed from the Fund, even though these amounts were earned by the Fund before the unitholder acquired the units and were included in the price of the units.

### **Portfolio turnover rate**

The investment techniques and strategies utilized by the Fund, including investments made on a shorter-term basis or in derivative instruments or instruments with a maturity of one year or less at the time of acquisition, may result in frequent portfolio trading and high portfolio turnover. The portfolio turnover rate is how often the portfolio manager bought and sold securities for the Fund during the year. The higher the Fund's portfolio turnover rate is, the greater the trading costs payable by the Fund in the year and the greater the chance that you will receive a taxable distribution from the Fund in that year. There is not necessarily a relationship between a high portfolio turnover rate and the performance of the Fund.

### **Tax impact of redeeming your units**

If you redeem units with a Series NAV that is greater than the ACB of your units, you will realize a capital gain. If you redeem units with a Series NAV that is less than the ACB of your units, you will realize a capital loss. You may deduct your redemption expenses, such as redemption fees, if any, in calculating your capital gains or losses.



Generally, one-half of a capital gain is included in your income and you may deduct one-half of your capital losses from your taxable capital gains, subject to certain tax rules.

### **Tax impact of changing series**

A change between series of the Fund (where such changes are permitted) is a redesignation of units and is not a disposition for tax purposes. However, any redemption of units to pay any applicable change fee will be considered a disposition for tax purposes and you may be required to pay tax on any capital gain you realize from the redemption.

### **International information reporting**

Generally, you will be required to provide your Advisor or Dealer with information related to your citizenship or tax residence and, if applicable, your foreign tax identification number. If you are identified as a U.S. citizen (including a U.S. citizen living in Canada) or a foreign (including U.S.) tax resident, or do not provide the required information and indicia of U.S. or non-Canadian status is present, details about you and your investment in the Fund will generally be reported to the CRA unless units are held within a Registered Plan. The CRA will provide that information to the U.S. Internal Revenue Service (in the case of U.S. citizens or tax residents) or the relevant tax authority of any country that is a signatory of the *Multilateral Competent Authority Agreement on Automatic Exchange of Financial Account Information* or that has otherwise agreed to a bilateral information exchange with Canada.

### **Registered Plans**

Generally, neither you nor your Registered Plan will be subject to tax on distributions received from the Fund on units held in your Registered Plan, or on capital gains realized on the disposition of those units of the Fund provided that the units are a qualified investment and are not a prohibited investment for your Registered Plan. However, most withdrawals from such Registered Plan (other than a withdrawal from a TFSA and certain permitted withdrawals from RESPs and RDSPs) are generally taxable.

The units of the Fund are expected to be a qualified investment for Registered Plans at all times. However, units of the Fund that are a qualified investment may still be a prohibited investment for your Registered Plan (other than a DPSP).

Units of the Fund will generally not be a prohibited investment for your Registered Plan if you and persons with whom you do not deal at arm's length do not, in total, directly or indirectly, own units representing 10% or more of the value of the Fund. You are generally deemed not to deal at arm's length with your parents, spouse, children, siblings and in-laws. Under a safe harbour rule for new mutual funds, units of the Fund will not be a prohibited investment for a Registered Plan at any time during the first 24 months of the Fund's existence provided that the Fund is a mutual fund trust or a registered investment under the Tax Act during that time and is in substantial compliance with NI 81-102 or follows a reasonable policy of investment diversification.

If your Registered Plan holds a prohibited investment, you will be liable to a 50% potentially refundable tax on the fair market value of the prohibited investment and a 100% tax on income and capital gains from the prohibited investment, and capital gains realized on the disposition of the prohibited investment.

You should consult your own tax advisor regarding the special rules that apply to each type of Registered Plan, including whether or not a particular unit of the Fund would be a prohibited investment for your Registered Plan.

# What are your Legal Rights?

Securities legislation in some provinces gives you the right to withdraw from an agreement to buy mutual funds within two Business Days after you receive the Simplified Prospectus or Fund Facts, or to cancel your purchase within 48 hours after you receive confirmation of your order.

Securities legislation in some provinces also allows you to cancel an agreement to buy mutual fund units and get your money back, or to make a claim for damages, if the Simplified Prospectus, Fund Facts, AIF or financial statements misrepresent any facts about the Fund. You must usually exercise these rights within a certain time period.

You can get more information from the securities legislation of your province or from your lawyer.

## Specific Information about the Waypoint All Weather Alternative Fund

### Organization and management of the Fund

<b>Manager</b> Waypoint Investment Partners Inc. 1133 Yonge Street, Suite 603 Toronto, Ontario M4T 2Y7 www.waypointinvestmentpartners.com	The Manager is a corporation established under the laws of Ontario, with its head office in Toronto, Ontario. As Manager, we manage the overall business and operations of the Fund. We may hire arm's length third parties or affiliates to perform some of the services required by the Fund.
<b>Trustee</b> Waypoint Investment Partners Inc. Toronto, Ontario	The Fund is organized as a unit trust. When you invest in the Fund, you are buying units of the trust. The trustee holds title to the cash and securities owned by the Fund in trust for the unitholders.
<b>Portfolio Manager</b> Waypoint Investment Partners Inc. Toronto, Ontario	We are the portfolio manager of the Fund. In such capacity, we are responsible for managing the investment portfolios of the Fund and making investment decisions.
<b>Custodian</b> National Bank Financial Inc. (through its National Bank Independent Network division) Toronto, Ontario	The custodian has physical custody of the Fund's property.
<b>Securities Lending Agent</b> Before the Fund engages in securities lending, the Custodian or a sub-custodian will be appointed as the Fund's securities lending agent. Toronto, Ontario	The securities lending agent will arrange and administer loans of the Fund's portfolio securities for a fee to qualified borrowers who have posted collateral.
<b>Administrator</b> SGGG Fund Services Inc. Toronto, Ontario	The administrator provides administrative services to the Manager in respect of the Fund, including maintaining the accounting records of the Fund, fund valuation and net asset value calculation and financial reporting services. The Manager is responsible for the services provided by the administrator.

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<b>Auditor</b> KPMG LLP Toronto, Ontario	The auditor is responsible for auditing the annual financial statements of the Fund.
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<b>Independent Review Committee</b>	The IRC provides independent oversight of conflict of interest matters referred to the IRC that may arise between Waypoint and the Fund. A conflict of interest matter is a situation where a reasonable person would consider the Manager or an entity related to the Manager to have an interest that conflicts with the Manager's ability to act in good faith and in the best interest of the Fund. Among other things, the IRC prepares an annual report of its activities for unitholders of the Fund which will be available on our website at <a href="http://www.waypointinvestmentpartners.com">www.waypointinvestmentpartners.com</a> or upon request by any unitholder, at no cost, by calling at 416-960-7682 or emailing <a href="mailto:funds@waypointinvestmentpartners.com">funds@waypointinvestmentpartners.com</a> . The members of the IRC are independent of Waypoint. Additional information about the IRC, including the names of the members, is available in the Fund's AIF.
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### **Fund of Funds**

The Fund may invest in other mutual funds, including mutual funds managed by us (the “**underlying funds**”). Where we are the manager of both the Fund and an underlying fund, we will not vote the securities of the underlying fund held directly by the Fund. Instead, in our sole discretion, we may arrange either for such securities to be voted, by the beneficial unitholders of the Fund, or, for the beneficial owners of the Fund to direct us with respect to the exercise of voting rights attached to securities of an underlying fund managed by Waypoint.

## Fund details

Fund type	Alternative Equity Focused
Securities offered	Series A, Series F and Series I units of a mutual fund trust
Start date	Series A: February 5, 2020 Series F: January 21, 2020 Series I: January 29, 2020
Registered Plan eligibility	The units are qualified investments for Registered Plans
Management fees	Series A: 1.75% Series F: 1.00% Series I: negotiated with the Manager
Performance fee	Series A: 15% of Net Profit above the High-water Mark Series F: 15% of Net Profit above the High-water Mark Series I: negotiated with the Manager
Portfolio manager	Waypoint Investment Partners Inc.

## What does the Fund invest in?

### Investment objectives

The Fund seeks to provide investors with attractive risk-adjusted investment returns over the long term by investing in, or obtaining exposure to, issuers that the Manager believes are not typically included in institutional investment mandates. The Fund will use alternative investment strategies including borrowing for investment purposes and the use of derivatives including options trading to seek to manage market volatility. The Fund's aggregate exposure to leverage through these strategies will not exceed three times its NAV, measured on a daily basis.

The investment objective of the Fund can only be changed with the approval of a majority of the unitholders at a meeting called for such purpose.

### Investment strategies

The Fund will invest primarily in equity securities which may, among other things, consist of common shares, partly-paid shares (installment receipts), equity and balanced mutual funds and ETFs, royalty trusts, real estate investment trusts, warrants and limited

partnerships. It is anticipated that equity securities will be listed on a recognized stock exchange.

The Fund focuses its investment portfolio on companies that Waypoint believes are on the far edges of the investment spectrum, namely:

- **Capital Distributors:** Capital distributors are companies that distribute a significant percentage of their free cash flow to shareholders (“**Capital Distributors**”). Waypoint seeks to, in particular, focus on Capital Distributors that have (a) insider ownership to provide aligned management and (b) conservatively leveraged balance sheets to navigate difficult environments.
- **Capital Compounders:** Capital compounders are companies that regularly access capital markets to accelerate their growth (“**Capital Compounders**”). Waypoint seeks to, in particular, focus on small and midcap Capital Compounders that are not, in Waypoint's view, broadly covered by analysts.

The Fund's investment portfolio will invest in equities that, in Waypoint's view, lack quality analyst coverage and are not generally found in typical institutional mandates. The Fund generally holds positions in approximately 25 issuers. At any given time, Waypoint expects that the Fund will be weighted approximately 75% towards Capital Distributors and 25% towards Capital Compounders (and vice-versa during periods of economic expansion).

Waypoint will screen securities for the Fund using the selection criteria described above to determine the investible universe of issuers for the Fund's portfolio (the “**Universe**”).

The portfolio construction process includes an investigation of the individual issuers' business fundamentals, deriving price targets as well as confidence intervals around those price targets. In addition to the fundamental criteria, the Manager will investigate the technical aspects of these individual securities including bull beta, bear beta, largest drawdown and daily volatility.

When positions are trading statistically below the Manager's estimate of intrinsic value, as determined through its fundamental analytical process, the

position rises in rank within the Universe. The Manager will rebalance the Fund's portfolio from time to time based on the list of securities that fall within the Universe. Ranking movement within the Universe can be driven by price performance as well as changes to business fundamentals.

In addition to the Fund's investment in equity securities, the Fund may:

- invest in money market instruments such as treasury bills, bankers' acceptances, commercial paper, guaranteed investment certificates with maturities less than one year, fixed income investments that mature in less than one year, money market mutual funds and cash
- use an options overlay strategy to manage market volatility by purchasing and writing covered and uncovered put and call options on indices and individual equity positions, thus introducing an asset class that can be inversely correlated to the direction of equity markets. The premiums paid for these derivatives take into consideration the high dividend yields generated by the equity positions
- borrow cash and use it to purchase securities on margin to enhance the returns of its investment portfolio and manage the risk of the Fund's investment portfolio. The Manager believes this is an effective strategy to achieve its investment objectives because it leverages the potential return of the long portfolio
- enter into securities lending, repurchase and reverse repurchase transactions in an effort to earn additional income and manage its portfolio. For a further description of securities lending transactions, repurchase and reverse repurchase transactions, and the strategies to be used by the Fund to minimize the risks associated with these transactions, please see the discussion under *Securities lending, repurchase and reverse repurchase transactions* under the heading *What are the specific risks of investing in a mutual fund?*

The Manager will seek to focus the Fund's portfolio on the securities of issuers that are listed on Canadian

stock exchanges (though such issuers may have operations around the world).

## What are the risks of investing in the Fund?

The Fund is an alternative mutual fund. This means it may invest in asset classes or use investment strategies that are not permitted for conventional mutual funds. The specific strategies that differentiate this Fund from conventional mutual funds include the increased use of derivatives for non-hedging purposes and the ability to borrow cash to use for investment purposes. While these strategies will be used in accordance with the Fund's investment objective and strategies, during certain market conditions they may accelerate the pace at which your investment decreases in value.

The Fund will be exposed to the following risks:

- Accuracy of public information
- Changes in legislation
- Concentration
- Credit market disruptions
- Credit
- Cybersecurity
- Derivatives
- Energy markets
- Equity securities
- Fees and expenses
- Foreign currency
- Fund of fund
- General economic and market conditions
- General market disruptions
- Hedging
- High yield securities
- Interest rates
- Lack of independent experts representing unitholders
- Large transactions
- Leverage
- Liquidity
- Longer-duration positions
- Multiple series
- Options trading
- Performance fee
- Real estate-related products
- Securities lending, repurchase and reverse repurchase transactions
- Small to medium capitalization companies
- Special relationships with and material non-public information regarding specific companies

- Special situations investing
- Taxation of the Fund
- Turnover
- Use of margin accounts
- Use of models

For a detailed description of these mutual fund risks, see the heading *What are the specific risks of investing in a mutual fund?*

## Fund risk classification

We identify the investment risk level of the Fund as an additional guide to help you decide whether the Fund is right for you. The risk rating for the Fund is determined in accordance with the standardized risk classification methodology required by the Canadian securities regulators, which is based on the Fund's historical volatility as measured by the 10-year standard deviation of the returns of the Fund. It is important to note that the Fund's historical volatility may not be indicative of its future volatility.

As the Fund does not have a 10-year return history, we calculate the investment risk level by imputing the return history of one or more reference indices for the 10-year period.

The following is a description of the reference index used for the Fund since it has less than 10 years of performance history.

- **S&P/TSX Composite Index:** The S&P TSX Composite Index is the headline index and principal broad market measure for the Canadian equity markets.

The investment risk rating for the Fund will be reviewed at least annually and immediately if there is any material change to the Fund.

The Fund may be suitable for you as an individual component within your entire portfolio, even if the Fund's risk rating is higher or lower than your personal risk tolerance level. When you choose investments, you should consider your whole portfolio, investment objectives, your time horizon, and your personal risk tolerance level.

The standardized risk classification methodology that we use to identify the investment risk level of the Fund is available on request, at no cost, by calling us at 416-960-7682 or by sending an email to [funds@waypointinvestmentpartners.com](mailto:funds@waypointinvestmentpartners.com).

In accordance with the methodology required by the Canadian securities regulators, the risk rating assigned to the Fund by the Manager is low-to-medium risk.

## Who should invest in this Fund?

This Fund may be suitable for investors who:

- want to gain access to a fund that actively seeks to manage market volatility;
- are long term investors; and
- are comfortable with low-to-medium risk.

This Fund is not suitable for investors who are investing for the short term or who are not willing to accept periodic volatility.

## Distribution policy

The Fund does not intend to make regular cash distributions.

For each taxation year of the Fund, it will ensure that its income and net realized capital gains, if any, have been paid or made payable on or before December 31 to unitholders to such an extent that the Fund will not be liable for ordinary income tax thereon. To the extent that the Fund has not distributed the full amount of its net income and capital gains for any year, the difference between such amount and the amount actually paid or made payable by the Fund will be paid in cash and will be automatically reinvested in additional units of the same series. Any such units will be issued at a price equal to the Series NAV per unit of the relevant series of the Fund and the units will be automatically consolidated such that the number of outstanding units of a series held by each unitholder following the distribution will equal the number of units of that series held by such unitholder prior to the distribution, except in the case of a non-resident unitholder to the extent tax is required to be withheld in respect of the distribution. The tax treatment to unitholders of distributions is discussed under the heading *Income Tax Considerations for Investors*.

In addition to the distributions described above, the Fund may from time to time pay additional distributions on its units, including without restriction in connection with a special distribution, distributions on account of reduced management fee arrangements with certain investors or in connection with returns of capital.

## Fund expenses indirectly borne by investors

In addition to paying the management and performance fees, each series of units is also responsible for the payment of other operating expenses. These amounts are paid out of the assets of the Fund, which means that you indirectly pay for these expenses through lower returns.

The chart in this section lets you compare the cost of investing in each series of units of the Fund with the cost of investing in other mutual funds. The chart shows the cumulative fees and expenses you would have paid if:

- you invested \$1,000 for the period shown (without any sales charges);
- the Fund's return was 5% each year; and
- the Fund paid the same MER in each period shown as it did in its last completed financial year (excluding any performance fees paid in a year which would not have been paid had the Fund earned a total return of 5% in that last completed financial year).

	1 year	3 years	5 years	10 years
Series A	\$33.58	\$37.02	\$40.81	\$52.09
Series F	\$25.58	\$28.20	\$31.09	\$39.68
Series I*	\$2.90	\$3.20	\$3.52	\$4.50

\* Series I units are not charged a management fee or a performance fee. Instead, each Series I investor negotiates its own management fee and performance fee, which is paid directly to us.

The amounts indicated in the chart above are after certain expenses of the Fund were waived or absorbed by the Manager. Had these waivers or absorptions not occurred, the dollar amount shown would have been higher. The Manager may cease waiving or absorbing fees and expenses of the Fund at any time in its discretion without notice to unitholders.

See *Fees and Expenses Payable Directly By You* for more information about fees and expenses paid directly by you which are not included in the calculation of the MER.

## **SIMPLIFIED PROSPECTUS**

### **Waypoint All Weather Alternative Fund**

You can find more information about the Fund in its Annual Information Form, Fund Facts, management reports of fund performance and financial statements. These documents are incorporated by reference into this document, which means that they legally form part of this document just as if they were printed as part of it.

For a free copy of these documents, call Waypoint Investment Partners Inc., the Manager of the Fund, at 416-960-7682 or ask your investment advisor. These documents and other information about the Fund, such as information circulars and material contracts, are also available at our website at [www.waypointinvestmentpartners.com](http://www.waypointinvestmentpartners.com), at our office at 1133 Yonge St, Suite 603, Toronto, ON M4T 2Y7, or at [www.sedar.com](http://www.sedar.com).

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